

# CELANEX® 2302 ICF30

30% PIR-CF (post-industrial recycled carbon fiber) reinforced, high gloss, electroconductive grade  
Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1: PBT Moulding compound ISO 7792- PBT/PET, MGHR, 08-0250N, CF30.  
Polybutylene terephthalate (PBT) polymer blend with Polyethylene terephthalate (PET), containing 30% PIR (post-industrial recycled) carbon fibre, for injection molded parts with superior gloss.

## Product information

Part Marking Code	> (PBT+PET)-CF30 <	ISO 11469
-------------------	--------------------	-----------

## Rheological properties

Melt volume-flow rate	10 cm <sup>3</sup> /10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	265 °C	
Load	2.16 kg	
Moulding shrinkage range, parallel	0.1 - 0.2 %	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.3 - 0.5 %	ISO 294-4, 2577

## Typical mechanical properties

Tensile Modulus	24500 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	185 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	1.8 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	55 kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	7 kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	5.7 kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eA

## Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	255 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
-------------------------------	--------	----------------

## Electrical properties

Volume resistivity	1 Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity	62 Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2

## Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	0.15 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	0.45 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1440 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	ISO 1183

## Injection

Drying Temperature	120 - 140 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 4 h
Processing Moisture Content	0.02 %
Screw tangential speed	0.12 - 0.17 m/s
Max. mould temperature	90 - 100 °C
Injection speed	fast

# CELANEX® 2302 ICF30

## Characteristics

Additives

Release agent

## Additional information

Injection molding

Melt Temperature 265-275 °C  
Mold Temperature \*) 90-100 °C  
Maximum Barrel Residence Time \*\*) 5-10 min  
Injection Speed fast  
Peripheral screw speed max. 0,3 m/sec  
Back Pressure 10-30 bar  
Injection Pressure 600-1000 bar  
Holding Pressure 400-800 bar  
Nozzle Design open design preferred

Injection speed, injection pressure and holding pressure have to be optimized to the individual article geometry. To avoid material degradation during processing low back pressure and minimum screw speed have to be used. Overheating of the material has to be avoided.

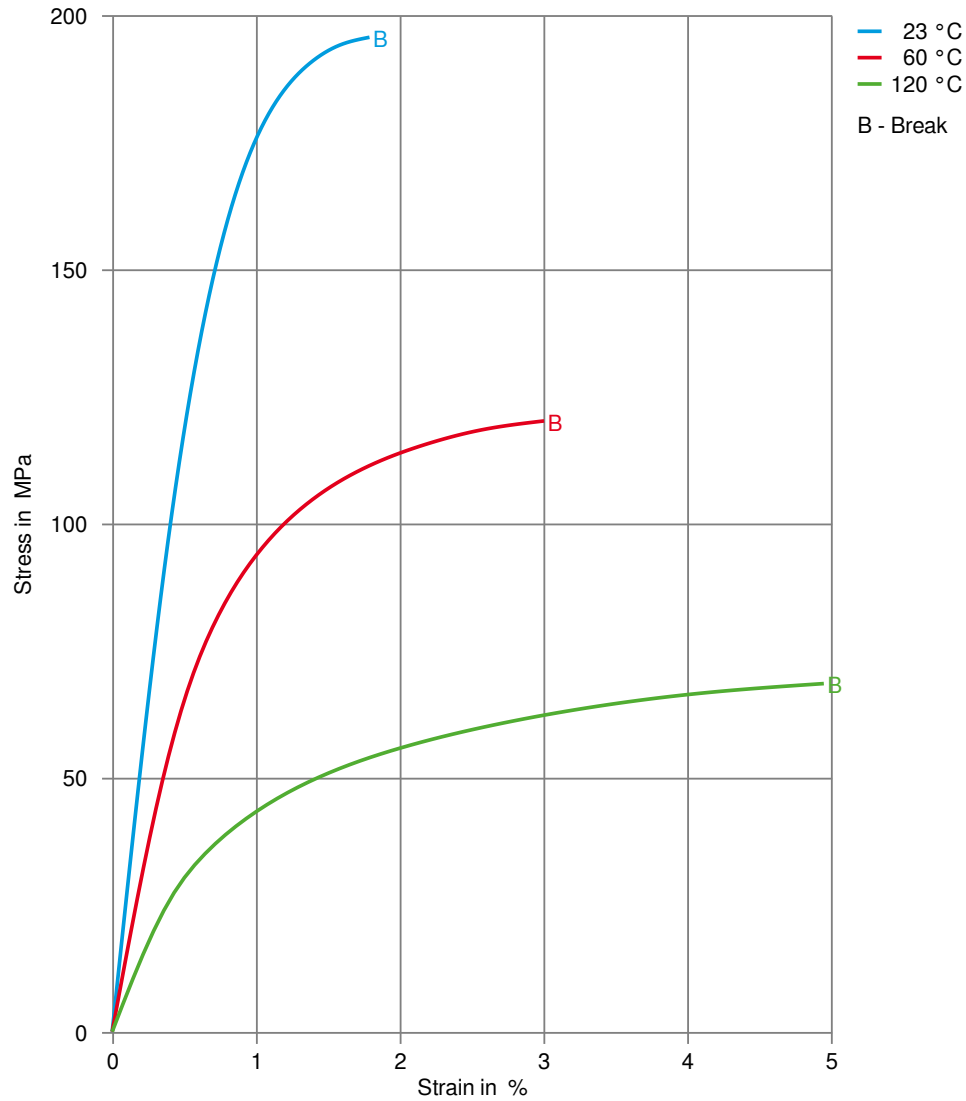
Celanese recommends only externally heated hot runner systems.

\*) For moulded parts with especially high requirements to the surface quality or dimensional stability, a mold temperature of up to 110 °C can be advantageous.

\*\*) If the cylinder temperatures are higher than the recommended maximum temperatures, the max. residence time in the barrel has to be reduced.

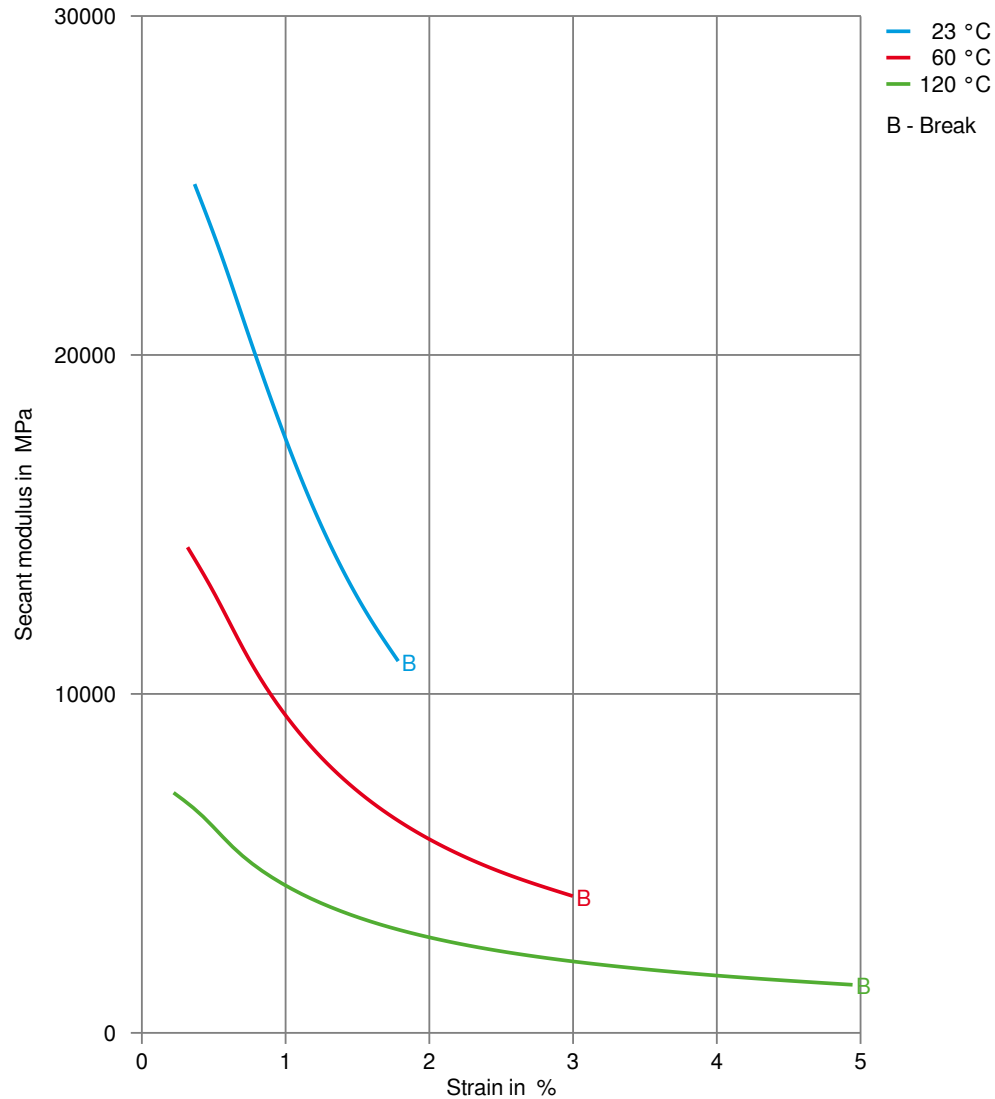
# CELANEX® 2302 ICF30

## Stress-strain



# CELANEX® 2302 ICF30

## Secant modulus-strain



# CELANEX® 2302 ICF30

## Processing Texts

### Pre-drying

CELANEX should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be  $\leq -30^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.

### Longer pre-drying times/storage

For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed ( $\leq 60\text{ h}$ ) it is necessary to lower the temperature to  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

### Injection molding

Melt Temperature  $265\text{--}275^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Mold Temperature \*)  $90\text{--}100^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Maximum Barrel Residence Time \*\*)  $5\text{--}10\text{ min}$   
Injection Speed fast  
Peripheral screw speed  $\text{max. } 0,3\text{ m/sec}$   
Back Pressure  $10\text{--}30\text{ bar}$   
Injection Pressure  $600\text{--}1000\text{ bar}$   
Holding Pressure  $400\text{--}800\text{ bar}$   
Nozzle Design open design preferred

Injection speed, injection pressure and holding pressure have to be optimized to the individual article geometry. To avoid material degradation during processing low back pressure and minimum screw speed have to be used. Overheating of the material has to be avoided.

Celanese recommends only externally heated hot runner systems.

\*) For moulded parts with especially high requirements to the surface quality or dimensional stability, a mold temperature of up to  $110^{\circ}\text{C}$  can be advantageous.

\*\*) If the cylinder temperatures are higher than the recommended maximum temperatures, the max. residence time in the barrel has to be reduced.

### Injection molding Preprocessing

To avoid hydrolytic degradation during processing, CELANEX resins have to be dried to a moisture level equal to or less than  $0,02\%$ . The drying should be done in a dry-air dryer (dew point  $< -30^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) with a temperature of  $120\text{ to }140^{\circ}\text{C}$  and a drying time of  $2\text{ to }4\text{ hours}$ . In case of longer residence times in the dry-air dryer, the temperature should be reduced to  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
The time between drying and processing should be kept as short as possible. The processing machine feed hopper should be closed during the processing operation.